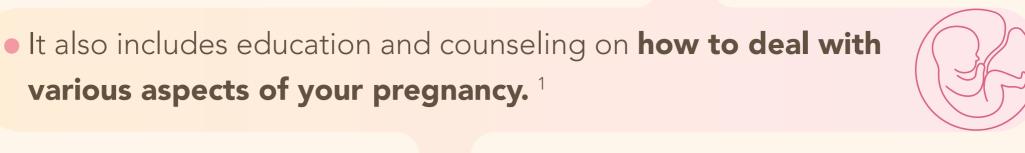
PRENATAL CARE AND TESTS

 Medical checkups and screening tests help you and your baby stay healthy. This is referred to as prenatal care.1



various aspects of your pregnancy. 1



 Your doctor may address a variety of topics with you during your visits, including a healthy diet and physical activity, screening tests, and what to expect during labor and delivery. 1



you and your baby stay healthy, recognize concerns early, and avoid complications during birth. Routine checkups usually include the following: For weeks four through 28, do it once a month. 0

Prenatal checkups¹

Regular checks are critical during pregnancy. This constant care can help

- Fr weeks 28 through 36, do it twice a month. 0 For weeks 36 to birth, do it weekly. 0
- Women who are pregnant with a high-risk pregnancy should see 0
- their doctors more frequently.
- Your doctor will perform a full physical exam, take blood for lab testing, and calculate your due date during your first visit.
- A breast exam, a pelvic exam to examine your uterus (womb), and a cervical exam may also be performed by your doctor.

During this first visit, your doctor will ask you a lot of questions about

your lifestyle, relationships, and health habits at this first visit. It's

critical to be open and honest with your doctor.

initial visit:

0

- Most prenatal appointments will cover the following items after the
- Checking your blood pressure and weight 0 Keeping an eye on the baby's heart rate 0
- Checking the growth of your baby by measuring your abdomen

diabetes, and screenings to detect hazardous infections.

Throughout your pregnancy, you will undergo some standard tests,

such as anemia tests, testing to determine your risk of gestational

 To manage your care, work with your doctor as a team. Keep all of your appointments — they're all crucial! To learn more about this wonderful period, ask questions and read.

Keep track of your baby's movement after 28 weeks. This will help you detect if your baby is moving less than usual,

Monitor your baby's activity¹

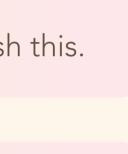
The "count-to-10" method is a simple technique to accomplish this. Count your baby's movements in the evening, when the fetus is usually

fewer than 10 movements in two hours.

straight away if your baby isn't moving at all.

which could indicate that he or she is in discomfort and

need medical attention.



down. Within 20 minutes, most women can count up to 10 motions.

the most active. If you're having problems feeling your baby move, lie

Every day, count your baby's movements to see what is normal for you.

If your baby moves less than 10 times in two hours or if you notice your

Prenatal tests

What tests are done early in pregnancy?²

baby is moving less than usual, call your doctor. Call your doctor

When the baby is active, however, it is uncommon for a woman to count

Several routine lab tests are done early in

What does a complete blood count test for? 2

- A CBC determines the number of different cells in your blood. The number of red blood cells in your blood can show

pregnancy, including

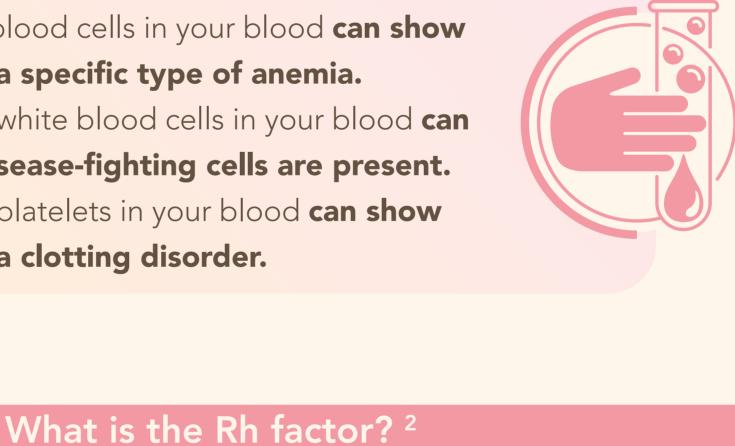
urinalysis

urine culture

complete blood count (CBC)

blood type and Rh factor

whether you have a specific type of anemia. The number of white blood cells in your blood can show how many disease-fighting cells are present. The number of platelets in your blood can show whether you have a clotting disorder.



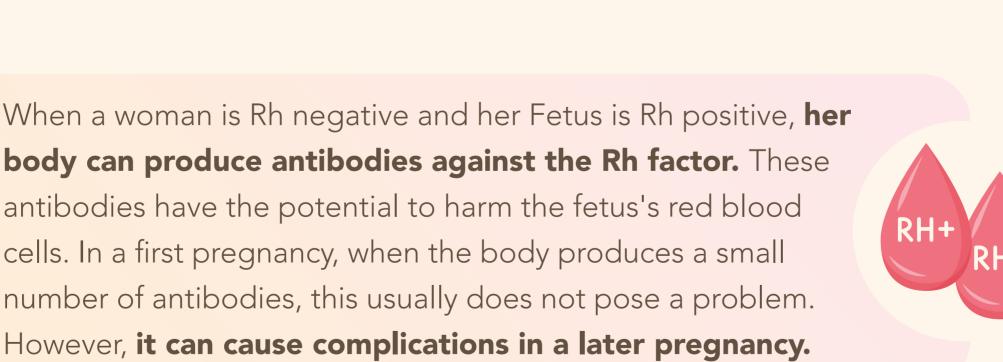
Why is it important to know your Rh status?²

A protein found on the surface of red blood cells is known as the Rh

are Rh negative if your blood cells lack this protein.

factor. You are Rh positive if this protein is found in your blood cells. You

 When a woman is Rh negative and her Fetus is Rh positive, her body can produce antibodies against the Rh factor. These antibodies have the potential to harm the fetus's red blood cells. In a first pregnancy, when the body produces a small number of antibodies, this usually does not pose a problem.



A urinalysis is a urine test that looks for certain substances in your urine.

red blood cells to determine if you have a urinary tract disease.

What is a urinalysis? 2

white blood cells to determine whether you have a urinary tract infection.

0

- glucose, because high blood sugar levels can be a sign of diabetes mellitus.
- compared to levels later in pregnancy. High protein levels may indicate preeclampsia, a potentially fatal complication that can occur later in pregnancy.

This test also determines the level of protein in your blood, which can be

https://www.acog.org/womens-health/faqs/routine-tests-during-pregnancy. Last accessed at: 29/01/2022